



Environmental  
Protection Agency

John R. Kasich, Governor  
Mary Taylor, Lt. Governor  
Scott J. Nally, Director

Re: Notice of Violation  
Van Wert County  
~~Ohio City WWTP~~  
Ohio City WTP

June 9, 2011

Mr. Jeff Krugh, WWTP Superintendent  
Village of Ohio City  
P. O. Box 248  
Ohio City, Ohio 45874

Dear Mr. Krugh:

We are in receipt of your self-monitoring reports covering the months of January through March 2011 for the Ohio City WWTP and the Ohio City WTP. Our review indicates violations of the conditions of both NPDES permits. The specific instances of noncompliance are attached on separate sheets. Further review of both sets of self-monitoring reports for the previous six months, ending in October 2010, indicates that you are in significant non-compliance (SNC) with several effluent limitations contained in your NPDES permits. The specific instances of SNC are attached on separate sheets.

Please inform this office in writing as to the reasons for the above referenced violations, as well as a description of the actions taken or proposed to prevent any further violations. Your response should include the dates, either actual or proposed, for completion of the actions.

Please be advised that failure to comply with the effluent limitations and/or monitoring requirements, including adequate laboratory controls, appropriate quality assurance procedures, and records retention, as specified in your Part III-General conditions of your NPDES permit may be cause for enforcement action pursuant to Ohio Revised Code, Chapter 6111. If these violations continue to occur and if satisfactory progress is not made, it may be necessary to initiate enforcement action to achieve compliance.

The Ohio EPA strongly encourages pollution prevention as the preferred approach for waste management. The first priority of pollution prevention is to eliminate the generation of wastes and pollutants at the source (source reduction). For those wastes or pollutants that are generated, the second priority is to recycle or reuse them in an environmentally sound manner. You can benefit economically, help preserve the environment, and improve your public image by implementing pollution prevention programs. For more information about pollution prevention, including fact sheets or U. S. EPA's "Facility Pollution Prevention Guide" (EPA/600/R-92.008), please contact the Ohio EPA Pollution Prevention Section at (614)644-3469.

If there are any questions, please contact me at (419) 373-3022.

Yours truly,

Justin A. Williams  
Division of Surface Water

/cs  
Enclosures  
Per/Enclosures: NWDO - DSW: File (2)

Set No: 001

Village of Ohio City WWT P - Violations for January-March 2011

Permit No.	Reporting Period	Station	Reporting Code	Parameter	Limit Type	Limit	Report Value	Violation Date
2PB00030*ID	January 2011	001	00530	Total Suspended Solids	7D Conc	35.0	36.5	1/1/2011
2PB00030*ID	January 2011	001	80082	CBOD 5 day	30D Conc	10.0	11.9712	1/1/2011
2PB00030*ID	January 2011	001	80082	CBOD 5 day	7D Conc	15.0	15.515	1/15/2011
2PB00030*ID	February 2011	001	00610	Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH3)	7D Conc	6.0	6.48	2/1/2011
2PB00030*ID	February 2011	001	80082	CBOD 5 day	30D Conc	10.0	12.2062	2/1/2011
2PB00030*ID	February 2011	001	80082	CBOD 5 day	7D Conc	15.0	20.15	2/8/2011

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## Facilities in Significant Non-Compliance \*\*

Period: Oct-10 Mar-11

County	Permit #	Facility Name	Major	Station Code	Param Code	Parameter Name	Max % Exceed	# Months Signif. Exceed (1)	# Months Exceed (2)
Van Wert	2PB00030	Ohio City WWTP		1	80082	CBOD 5 day	34.3	0	4

### Footnotes

#### for Significant NonCompliance

\*\* Significant non-compliance with effluent limits occurred if one or more pollutants met the following conditions:

1. During 2 or more months, the reported effluent concentration (or computed load) for a parameter exceeded an effluent limit by:
  - a. 40% for Group 1 pollutants **plus Fecal Coliform**
  - b. 20% for Group 2 pollutants **plus pH, Temperature, whole effluent toxicity**-- or --
2. During 4 or more months, the reported concentration (or computed load) exceeded the limit by > 1%.

Note: This method differs from USEPA Significant Non-compliance (SNC) method in the following ways:

- USEPA only evaluates SNC for average limits. In above analyses, maximum and weekly limits were also considered.